



FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Pages
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4 - 16
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund	24
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	25 - 26
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	27
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	28
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	
Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	29
Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability	44
Note 3 - Cash and Investments	44
Note 4 - Taxes Receivable and Unavailable Revenue	48
Note 5 - Tax Abatements	49
Note 6 - Interfund Receivables/Payables	49
Note 7 - Intergovernmental Receivables	50
Note 8 - Changes in Capital Assets	51
Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities	52
Note 10 - Employee Retirement Plans	57
Note 11 - Other Postemployment Benefit Plans	65
Note 12 - Other Employee Benefits	79
Note 13 - Joint Venture	80
Note 14 - Risk Management	80
Note 15 - Contingent Liabilities	81
Note 16 - Commitments	81
Note 17 - Fund Balance	82
Note 18 - New Accounting Pronouncements	82

	Pages
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	-
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund	84 - 85
Note to Required Supplementary Information	86
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	
Liability and Related Ratios - Pension Plan	87
Schedule of District Contributions - Pension Plan	88
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB	
Liability and Related Ratios - PSERS OPEB Plan	89
Schedule of District Contributions - PSERS OPEB Plan	90
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios -	
District OPEB Plan	91
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Food Service Fund	
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses - Food Service Fund	92
Fiduciary Funds	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	93
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	94
Single Audit	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	95 - 96
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	97
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL	
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN	
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH	
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	98 - 99
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR	
PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE	
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	100 - 102
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	103 - 104
STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	105





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of School Directors Wyomissing Area School District Wyomissing, Pennsylvania

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wyomissing Area School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Wyomissing Area School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wyomissing Area School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Wyomissing Area School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, Wyomissing Area School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Wyomissing Area School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Wyomissing Area School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about Wyomissing Area School District's ability to continue as a going concern
 for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, and pension and other postemployment benefit information on pages 87 through 91 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wyomissing Area School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of revenues and expenses - food service fund, the combining fiduciary fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues and expenses - food service fund, the combining fiduciary fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 1, 2023, on our consideration of the Wyomissing Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wyomissing Area School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Wyomissing Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hervien + Company, Inc.

Reading, Pennsylvania March 1, 2023



Wyomissing Area School District

630 Evans Ave. · Wyomissing · Pennsylvania 19610 (P) 610.374.0739 · (F) 610.374.0948 · (W) www.wyoarea.org

Robert L. Scoboria, Superintendent Melissa L. Woodard, Ed.D, Assistant Superintendent

Members of the Board of School Directors Wyomissing Area School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Wyomissing Area School District's annual financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the District's accompanying financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The District's financial status increased during the 2021-22 fiscal year. District-wide revenues of \$42,720,918 exceeded expenses of \$37,600,384 by \$5,120,534, resulting in an increase in net position.
- Overall governmental general revenues were \$34,099,902, which represents \$4,682,011 more than net program expenses.
- The total cost of basic programs decreased by less than 4 percent (3.88%) over the previous year to \$37,600,384. The net cost funded by tax and non-program revenues decreased by eight and a quarter percent (8.27%) to \$29,417,891.
- The net position of business-type activities (food services) increased by \$438,523 over the course of the year. Operating Revenues had a \$32,247 increase at \$45,830 and expenses increased \$183,755 (44.95%) to \$592,536. The increase in expenses and revenue are largely due to staffing, increase in paid meals, and additional governmental funding.
- Outlays for new capital assets increased this year. The total gross capital assets for governmental funds increased by \$13,733,850.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (2) the basic financial statements, and (3) required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements, which present different views of the District. The first two statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status. The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the District-wide statements. The *governmental funds statements* indicate how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short term* as well as indicate future spending plans. *Proprietary fund* statements offer *short*- and *long-term* financial information about the activities the District operates *like a business*, such as food services. *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others, such as student activity funds and scholarship funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain information in the statements, as well as provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1
Organization of Wyomissing Area School District Annual Financial Report

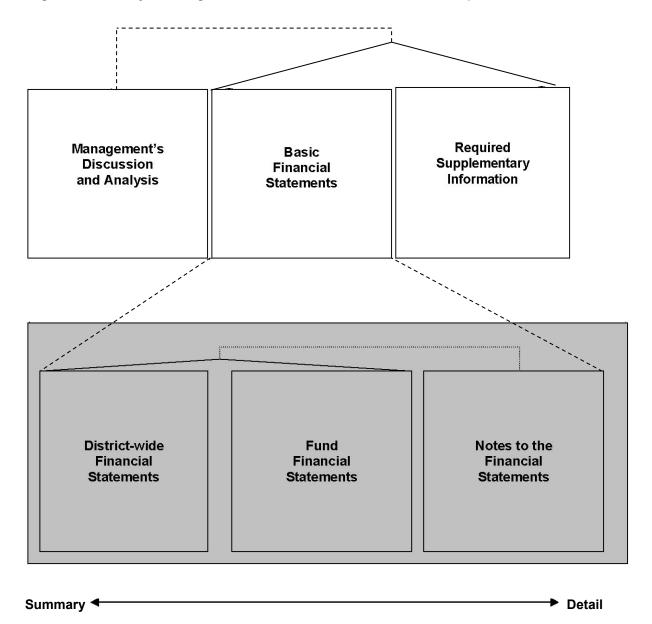


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2

	District-wide	Fund Financial Statements							
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	Activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as general operating and capital projects.	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses, such as food services.	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies.					
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position.					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, current and noncurrent, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or noncurrent liabilities included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, current and noncurrent.	All assets and liabilities, both current and noncurrent, funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.					

District-wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the *Statement of Activities* regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources - are one way of measuring the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, consideration needs to be given to additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition or need for improvements or expansion to existing school facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories as follows:

- **Governmental Activities:** Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, maintenance and operation of plant services, transportation services and administrative services. Property taxes, along with state formula aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities: The District charges fees to cover the cost of certain services such as food services programs.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. These statements focus on the District's most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting components that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District may establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as repaying its long-term debts.

The District has three types of funds as follows:

Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted into cash inflows and outflows and (2) balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Proprietary Funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the District-wide financial statements. The District's *Enterprise Funds* (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one enterprise fund, the food service fund.

Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for assets that belong to others, such as student activity funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District currently has two fiduciary funds, the student activity fund and the scholarship fund.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position contains information about what the District owns, owes, i.e. assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources and the remaining financial position. Figure A-3 shows a comparative summary of the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2022.

Figure A-3 Condensed Statement of Net Position

		Governmenta		Activities	Business Type Activities					To		
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>
Current Assets	\$	29,385,425	\$	32,633,178	\$	657,035	\$	995,118		30,042,460	\$	33,628,296
Capital Assets	_	47,451,109	_	58,968,110		67,234	_	56,364	_	47,518,343	_	59,024,474
Total Assets	\$	76,836,534	\$	91,601,288	\$	724,269	\$	1,051,482	\$	77,560,803	\$	92,652,770
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$</u>	10,421,301	<u>\$</u>	9,702,067	<u>\$</u>	118,739	<u>\$</u>	117,052	<u>\$</u>	10,540,040	<u>\$</u>	9,819,119
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities		5,655,351 99,649,136		10,698,620 97,210,116		40,902 764,368		30,762 474,395		5,696,253 100,413,504		10,729,382 97,684,511
Total Liabilities	\$	105,304,487	\$	107,908,736	\$	805,270	\$	505,157	\$		\$	108,413,893
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$</u>	1,875,015	<u>\$</u>	8,634,275	<u>\$</u>	104,494	<u>\$</u>	291,610	<u>\$</u>	1,979,509	<u>\$</u>	8,925,885
Net Position												
Net investment in capital assets		16,659,993		22,363,758		67,234		56,364		16,727,227		22,420,122
Restricted for Capital Projects		4,831,469		=		-		-		4,831,469		-
Restricted for Other Purposes		57,457		176,953		-		-		57,457		176,953
Unrestricted	_	(41,470,586)		(37,780,367)		(133,990)	_	315,403	_	(41,604,576)	_	(37,464,964)
Total Net Position	\$	(19,921,667)	\$	(15,239,656)	\$	(66,756)	\$	371,767	S	(19,988,423)	\$	(14,867,889)

The District's total revenues increased by \$2,962,148 or 7.45% during the year. (See Figure A-4.) Property taxes and other taxes levied for general purposes continue to account for most of the District's revenue in the amount of \$30,788,296 or 72.07% of total revenues. Another 17.96% or \$7,673,700 came from state aid, such as basic education, special education, and student transportation subsidies.

The total cost of all programs and services decreased \$1,518,695 or 3.88% to \$37,600,384. The District's expenses are predominately related to instructing, caring for (instructional support services & operation/maintenance of school facilities) and transporting students, which represents 82.17% or \$30,896,119 of total expenses. Decreases were due to reduction in COVID-related expenditures and support staffing shortages. See A-4.

Figure A-4 Changes in Net Position from Operating Re	sult							
	Government	al Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022		
Revenues								
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 23,295	\$ 51,748	\$ 13,583	\$ 45,830	\$ 36,878	97,578		
Operating grants and								
contributions	6,600,095	7,360,035	350,934	984,103	6,951,029	8,344,138		
Capital grants and								
contributions	16,972	178,174	-	-	16,972	178,174		
General Revenues								
Property taxes and other								
taxes levied for general								
purposes	29,842,448	30,788,296	_	_	29,842,448	30,788,296		
State Formula Aid	2,766,160	3,044,155	-	_	2,766,160	3,044,155		
Other	145,205	267,451	78	1,126	145,283	268,577		
Total Revenues	39,394,175	41,689,859	364,595	1,031,059	39,758,770	42,720,918		
Expenses								
Instruction	23,543,806	22,632,203	_	_	23,543,806	22,632,203		
Instructional student support	2,935,390	2,710,457	_	_	2,935,390	2,710,457		
Administrative and financial								
support services	5,401,996	4,753,425	_	-	5,401,996	4,753,425		
Operation and maintenance of plant								
services	4,684,675	4,433,088	-	-	4,684,675	4,433,088		
Pupil Transportation	902,886	1,120,371	-	_	902,886	1,120,371		
Other	1,241,547	1,358,304	408,781	592,536	1,650,328	1,950,840		
Total Expenses	38,710,300	37,007,848	408,781	592,536	39,119,081	37,600,384		
Change in Net Position	683,875	4,682,011	(44,186)	438,523	639,689	5,120,534		
Beginning Net Position (Deficit)	(20,605,542)	(19,921,667)	(22,570)	(66,756)	(20,628,112)	(19,988,423		
Ending Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (19,921,667)	\$ (15,239,656)	\$ (66,756)	\$ 371,767	\$ (19,988,423) \$	(14,867,889		

Figure A-5 presents the cost of six (6) major District activities: instruction, instructional student support, administrative and financial support services, operation and maintenance of plant services, pupil transportation, and other. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and governmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on District's taxpayers by each of these functions. The increase required to support the net cost of the District's basic programs was funded primarily by local real estate tax revenue, as well as other taxes levied for general purposes, such as earned income tax revenue. Additional funding in the form of state formula aid and interest income also contributed to funding the net cost of the District's governmental activities.

Figure A-5				
Net Cost of Governmental Activities				
	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost	of Services
	2021	2022	2021	<u>2022</u>
Instructional Services	\$ 23,543,806	\$ 22,632,203	\$ 19,036,193	\$ 17,532,03
Instructional Student Support	2,935,390	2,710,457	2,479,588	2,190,928
Administrative & Financial Support Services	5,401,996	4,753,425	4,845,990	3,760,848
Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services	4,684,675	4,433,088	4,008,922	3,972,524
Pupil Transportation	902,886	1,120,371	596,628	778,012
Other	1,241,547	1,358,304	1,102,617	1,183,544
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 38,710,300	\$ 37,007,848	\$ 32,069,938	\$ 29,417,89°

Figure A-6 represents that total cost and net cost (income) of services in the District's business-type activities. Program revenue supported 173.82% of food services for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Figure A-6 Net Cost (Income) of Business-Type Activities								
	Total Cost of Services			Net Cost (Income) of Services				
		2021		2022		2021		2022
Food Services	\$	408,781	_\$_	592,536	_\$_	44,264	\$	(437,397)
TOTAL	\$	408,781	\$	592,536		44,264		(437,397)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

At the end of fiscal 2021-22, governmental funds had total fund balances of \$25,281,640. During 2021-22 the net change in governmental fund balances decreased by \$444,790. The decrease of the capital projects fund balance by \$2,687,674 to \$11,073,350, was due to the spending of the bond proceeds on the District wide renovation project. Total revenue exceeded total expenditures in the general fund, which produced an increase in fund balance by \$2,242,884 over last year. The District's overall general fund balance is a healthy \$14,208,290.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's final 2021-22 budget for the general fund anticipated that expenditures would exceed revenue by \$247,090. The actual results for the year reflected a net surplus of \$2,242,884. The surplus was due to an increase in one time revenues, additional state funding and budget savings in expenditures. Most significant expenditure savings was in salaries and benefits of \$1,013,696 due to not being able to fill certain support staff positions.

Figure A-7 Local Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2022 (Based on General Fund financial presentation)

Total Local Revenues - \$31,561,348



Figure A-8 Local Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2021 (Based on General Fund financial presentation)

Total Local Revenues - \$30,999,601



Figure A-9
Expenses for Fiscal Year 2022
(Based on General Fund Financial Presentation)

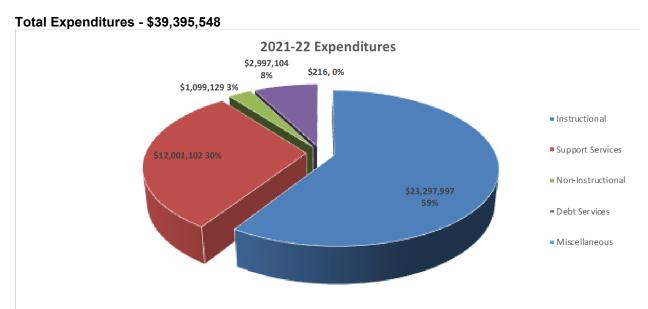
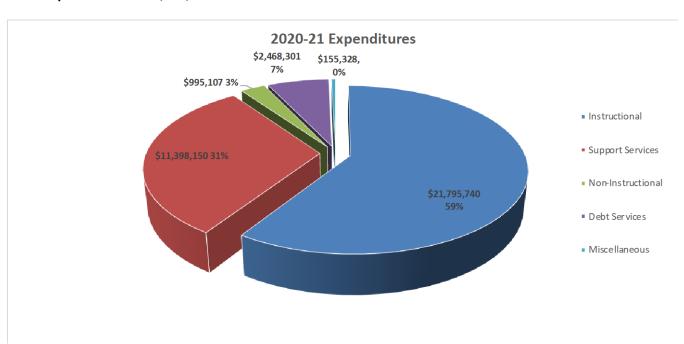


Figure A-10 Expenses for Fiscal Year 2021 (Based on General Fund Financial Presentation)

Total Expenditures - \$36,812,626



Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District had investments of \$59,024,474 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, school buildings, athletic fields, fixtures, and equipment. (See Figure A-11.) This amount represents a net increase of \$11,506,131 which is an increase of 24.21% for the year.

Figure A-11
Capital Assets (net of depreciation and amortization)

	Governmental Activities			Business Type Activities				Totals			Percentage Change	
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021-22</u>
Land	\$	232,196	\$	232,196	\$ -	\$	-	\$	232,196	\$	232,196	0.00%
Site Improvements		1,281,803		1,326,998	_		-		1,281,803		1,326,998	3.53%
Building & Building Improvements		41,780,020		40,396,868	-		-		41,780,020		40,396,868	-3.31%
Furniture & Equipment Construction in		2,305,537		2,636,836	67,234		56,364		2,372,771		2,693,200	13.50%
Progress		1,851,553		14,294,410	-		_		1,851,553		14,294,410	672.02%
Right-to-use Lease Assets	_		_	80.802		_				_	80,802	0.00%
Ending Net Assets	\$	47,451,109	\$	58,968,110	\$ 67,234	\$	56,364	\$	47,518,343	\$	59,024,474	24.21%

More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements. Depreciation and amortization expense for the year totaled \$2,567,771 for the governmental activities, compared to the prior year depreciation expense total of \$2,544,118.

Long-Term Debt

Outstanding long-term debt totaling \$45.2 million as of June 30, 2022 consists of general obligation bonds and notes of \$44.38 million with varying maturities through year 2040, financed purchases of \$.2 million, lease payable of \$.1 million, and long-term compensated absences of \$.5 million. Principal payments totaled \$1.86 million during the fiscal year, with interest payments totaling \$1.13 million. \$10.0 million of new debt was issued during the year to be used for capital projects. Accrued compensated absences of \$.5 million as of June 30, 2022 consist of certain benefits paid at retirement, including unused sick pay and other retirement benefits, based on specific eligibility requirements. Total long-term liabilities increased 22.09% from last year as shown in Figure A-12. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Figure A-12 Outstanding Long-Term Debt			
			Percentage
	Tot	tals	Change
	<u>2021</u>	2022	<u>2021-22</u>
General Obligation Bonds/Notes	\$ 36,045,000	\$ 44,375,000	23.11%
Financed Purchases	389,086	209,547	-46.14%
Lease Payable	-	81,490	100.00%
Compensated Absences	<u>571,058</u>	<u>511,955</u>	<u>-10.35%</u>
Total	37,005,144	45,177,992	22.09%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that may affect its future growth. The District does not expect significant growth in the near future given the residential nature of the District and the lack of developable land within the District. Act 1 of 2006 and its amendments enacted in 2011 limits the ability of school districts to increase taxes. There are little to no alternative funding sources available to the District.

Contributions to the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System are 35.26% of payroll for 2022-23 and are projected to rise considerably in the future. The five year projected rates are:

- 35.26% in 2022-2023 (estimated cost net of state reimbursement \$3,088,536);
- 34.00% in 2023-2024 (estimated cost net of state reimbursement \$3,049,180);
- 34.73% in 2024-2025 (estimated cost net of state reimbursement \$3,203,065);
- 35.49% in 2025-2026 (estimated cost net of state reimbursement \$3,366,840);
- 36.15% in 2026-2027 (estimated cost net of state reimbursement \$3,528,397)

The escalating rates will continue until they level out at 36.15% in the 2026-2027 year which carries an estimated cost, net of state reimbursement, of \$3,528,397. The "Pension Reform Act", Act 120 of 2010, was signed into law during November, 2010. This legislation provides numerous changes to the current PSERS system, primarily for new employees beginning July 1, 2010. While this Act did provide a new structure for management of increased contribution rates for future years, the impact will continue to be significant for a school district the size of Wyomissing Area. In 2017, Act 5 was signed into law, which provided steps towards pension reform by creating three new classes of PSERS, effective July 1, 2019. The new classes set up hybrid plans that have the intent to decrease employer contribution rates in the future.

The District's collective bargaining agreement with the Wyomissing Area Educational Association (WAEA), was renewed for a four (4) year period effective July 1, 2019 through June 20, 2023. The District's collective bargaining agreement with the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) expired on June 30, 2020 and the union decertified. The District and the support staff have an employee handbook.

The Board of Education has been assessing the capital improvement needs for the District for the past several years. On August 12, 2009, the Board issued \$5,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds to be utilized over a period of several years to fund various capital upgrades to the district facilities. In addition, on December 16, 2010 the Board authorized the issuance of \$22,435,000 in General Obligation Bonds to be utilized for a full renovation of the West Reading Elementary School as well as various capital projects at the Junior/Senior High School, Wyomissing Hills Elementary Schools and various district outdoor education facilities. On June 15, 2015, the Board authorized the issuance of \$10,000,000 General Obligation Note. The 2015 Note will be utilized as a refunding of 2009 Bonds and for the Energy Savings Project at the Wyomissing Hills, the re-turf project at the Junior Senior High School and various other projects. In 2016, the Board issued two notes in the total amount of \$14,655,000 for the refunding of the 2010 Bond. For fiscal year 2018 the Board issued \$6,215,000 in General Obligation Bonds that will be utilized towards Phase II of the Junior Senior High School renovation projected and for upgrades to the athletic facilities located at Flannery Field. For fiscal year 2021 the Board issued \$67,630,000 in General Obligation Bonds that will be utilized to refinance all current existing debt and to provide \$15,000,000 in new financing for capital projects District wide. In fiscal year 2022, the Board issued another \$9,995,000 in new financing for additional capital projects.

The budget for the 2022-23 year is \$500,459 more than the original budget for 2021-22. The real estate tax increased 0.6509 mills from 32.5441 mills to a millage rate of 33.195 mills. This represents a 2.0% increase, which was below the maximum amount of 3.9% permitted under the Act 1 index. In addition to funding the large increase in PSERS pension contributions, the tax increase covered increases in cyber charter school costs and increase in special education costs.

Downward economic factors have a significant impact on the school district and its future planning. While local, state and federal revenue streams have been declining, the educational needs of students and mandated programs continue to increase. Future budgets will require the school board and administration to work diligently to find solutions that will provide continued academic excellence in the programs we offer at the same time as staff and program cuts become necessary due to the declining revenue base.

Additional Operating Data Information

The below information is additional operating data for June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022. The information listed below includes the District's ten (10) largest real estate taxpayers along with assessed valuation of their real estate, market and assessed valuation of real estate and tax collection record.

2020-21 Ten Largest Real Estate Taxpayers in the School District

The ten largest real estate taxpayers in the School District and the 2020 assessed valuation of their real estate are as follows:

Taxpayer		Assessed Valuation
Highlands at Wyomissing	Retirement Community	\$37,449,800
Wyomissing Sq Apartment, LP	Apartment Building	17,550,000
Reading Hospital and Medical Center	Office Building	13,277,000
Black Sapphire C Reading 2014	Hotel	11,568,000
Eighth Avenue Operating, LLC	Office Building	8,619,400
Knitting2, LLC	Office Building	8,469,500
Masonic Foundation Center	Masonic Bldg/Parking	6,894,000
Metropolitan, LLC	Apartment Building	5,415,300
Penn St. LP	Apartment Building	4,553,400
Lofts at Narrow, LLC	Apartment Building	<u>4,216,800</u>
Total		\$118,013,200

Percentage of Total 2020-21 School District's Estimated Assessed Value, \$833,782,400 14.15%

2021-22 Ten Largest Real Estate Taxpayers in the School District

The ten largest real estate taxpayers in the School District and the 2021 assessed valuation of their real estate are as follows:

Taxpayer		Assessed Valuation
Highlands at Wyomissing	Retirement Community	\$37,449,800
Wyomissing Sq Apartment, LP	Apartment Building	17,550,000
Reading Hospital and Medical Center	Office Building	13,277,000
Black Sapphire C Reading 2014	Hotel	11,568,000
Eighth Avenue Operating, LLC	Office Building	8,619,400
Knitting2, LLC	Office Building	8,469,500
Masonic Foundation Center	Masonic Bldg/Parking	6,894,000
Metropolitan, LLC	Apartment Building	5,415,300
Penn St. LP	Apartment Building	4,553,400
Lofts at Narrow, LLC	Apartment Building	<u>4,216,800</u>
Total		\$118,013,200

Percentage of Total 2021-22 School District's Estimated Assessed Value, \$841,455,000 or 14.01%

Market and Assessed Valuation of Real Estate

<u>Year</u>	Assessed Valuation	Current Market Value	Common Level Ratio
2020	\$830,993,500	\$1,598,064,423	52.0
2021	837,914,500	1,862,032,222	45.0

Source: Pennsylvania State Tax Equalization Board (STEB). Valuations are certified in June of following year. Market Values are based upon Common Level Ratio for Berks County.

Tax Collection Record

Tax notices are due for mailing to taxpayers at the beginning of July each year. A discount of 2% is allowed on all property taxes paid within two months from the date tax bills are mailed. After the discount period expires a two-month period is allowed for payment of taxes at par. Taxes paid after this time are subject to a 10% penalty. All delinquent real estate taxes are subsequently paid to the office of BMF Law Group, which in turn remits a monthly list of delinquent collections to the School District.

Year	School Valuation	Assessed Millage	Adjusted Levy**	Collected In Year of Levy Amount	%	Total Collections Amount***	%_
2020-21	\$833,782,400	31.9060	\$26,110,402	\$25,309,792	96.93	\$25,911,725	99.24
2021-22	\$841,455,000	32.5441	\$26,895,041	\$25,781,497	95.86	26,380,293	98.09

^{**} Adjusted levy includes interim assessments and penalties and less discounts.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

Our financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Mark Boyer, Business Administrator/Board Secretary at Wyomissing Area School District, 630 Evans Ave. Wyomissing, PA 19610. Telephone: 610-374-0739 extension 1105.

^{***} Includes all delinquent real estate and interim taxes received.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

		Durainana	
	Cavaramantal	Business-	
	Governmental	Type	Total
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	TOtal
Cash and investments	\$ 29,216,076	\$ 1,100,852	\$ 30,316,928
Taxes receivable, net	676,502	3 1,100,632	676,502
Internal balances	248,829	- (248,829)	070,302
Internal balances Intergovernmental receivables	2,436,815	103,385	2,540,200
Other receivables	38,676	12,100	50,776
Inventories	38,070	27,610	27,610
Prepaid expenses	16,280	27,010	16,280
Capital assets not being depreciated	14,526,606	_	14,526,606
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	44,360,702	56,364	44,417,066
Right-to-use lease assets, net of accumulated amortization	80,802	50,504	80,802
Right-to-use lease assets, het of accumulated amortization	80,002		00,002
TOTAL ASSETS	91,601,288	1,051,482	92,652,770
DESERVED OF DESCRIPTION			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	240.040		240.040
Deferred charge on bond refunding	219,910	-	219,910
Deferred outflows of resources for other posternal authors of the state of the stat	8,541,833	111,258	8,653,091
Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	940,324	5,794	946,118
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,702,067	117,052	9,819,119
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	4,091,387	-	4,091,387
Accrued interest	544,615	-	544,615
Accrued salaries and benefits	211,357	12,355	223,712
Payroll deductions and withholdings	2,449,414	-	2,449,414
Unearned revenues	46,166	18,407	64,573
Noncurrent liabilities due within one year	3,355,681	-	3,355,681
Noncurrent liabilities:	44 600 222		44.600.000
Bonds, notes, and financed purchases payable, net	44,609,322	-	44,609,322
Lease payable	63,239	-	63,239
Long-term portion of compensated absences	381,325	425.422	381,325
Net pension liability	46,861,868	435,132	47,297,000
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	5,294,362	39,263	5,333,625
TOTAL LIABILITIES	107,908,736	505,157	108,413,893
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources for pension	8,146,358	291,242	8,437,600
Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	487,917	368	488,285
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8,634,275	291,610	8,925,885
NET DOCUTION			
NET POSITION	22 262 750	50.304	22 420 422
Net investment in capital assets	22,363,758	56,364	22,420,122
Restricted for other purposes	176,953	- 34F 403	176,953
Unrestricted (deficit)	(37,780,367)	315,403	(37,464,964)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (15,239,656)	\$ 371,767	\$ (14,867,889)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Program Revenue				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction	\$ 22,632,203	\$ -	\$ 5,100,168	\$ -	\$ (17,532,035)	\$ -	\$ (17,532,035)	
Instructional student support	2,710,457	-	519,529	-	(2,190,928)	-	(2,190,928)	
Administrative and financial support services	4,753,425	-	992,577	-	(3,760,848)	-	(3,760,848)	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	4,433,088	-	302,174	158,390	(3,972,524)	-	(3,972,524)	
Pupil transportation	1,120,371	-	342,359	-	(778,012)	-	(778,012)	
Student activities	1,023,838	51,748	101,698	-	(870,392)	-	(870,392)	
Community services	37,894	-	1,530	-	(36,364)	-	(36,364)	
Interest on long-term debt	296,572			19,784	(276,788)		(276,788)	
Total Governmental Activities	37,007,848	51,748	7,360,035	178,174	(29,417,891)	-	(29,417,891)	
Business-Type Activities: Food service	592,536	45,830	984,102	_	_	437,396	437,396	
Total Primary Government	\$ 37,600,384	\$ 97,578	\$ 8,344,137	\$ 178,174	(29,417,891)	437,396	(28,980,495)	
	•	ealty, earned income , and contributions ings	e, and mercantile taxon not restricted to spec		26,518,855 4,269,441 3,044,155 38,741 228,710	- - - 1,127 	26,518,855 4,269,441 3,044,155 39,868 228,710	
Total General Revenues					34,099,902	1,127	34,101,029	
	Change in N	et Position			4,682,011	438,523	5,120,534	
	Net Position (Defi	cit) - Beginning of ye	ear		(19,921,667)	(66,756)	(19,988,423)	
	Net Position (Defic	cit) - End of year			\$ (15,239,656)	\$ 371,767	\$ (14,867,889)	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Taxes receivable Interfund receivables	\$ 14,630,848 685,126 331,415	\$ 14,585,228 - -	\$ 29,216,076 685,126 331,415
Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables Prepaid expenditures	2,436,815 33,543 16,280	5,133 	2,436,815 38,676 16,280
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18,134,027	\$ 14,590,361	\$ 32,724,388
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Interfund payables	\$ 39,608	\$ 42,978	\$ 82,586
Accounts payable	617,354	3,474,033	4,091,387
Current portion of compensated absences	130,630	-	130,630
Accrued salaries and benefits	211,357	-	211,357
Payroll deductions and withholdings Unearned revenues	2,449,414 46,166		2,449,414 46,166
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,494,529	3,517,011	7,011,540
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	431,208	-	431,208
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	16,280	-	16,280
Restricted	176,953	11,073,350	11,250,303
Committed for:			
Retirement rate increases	4,193,192	-	4,193,192
Capital reserves Curriculum enhancements	3,821,488	-	3,821,488
Vehicle/equipment replacements	1,100,000	-	1,100,000 701,000
FFE/Athletic Improvements	701,000 857,743	-	857,743
Assigned	41,539	-	41,539
Unassigned	3,300,095		3,300,095
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	14,208,290	11,073,350	25,281,640
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 18,134,027	\$ 14,590,361	\$ 32,724,388

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$	25,281,640			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$95,763,334 and the accumulated depreciation is \$36,795,224.			58,968,110			
acpreciation is \$30,733,224.			30,300,110			
Taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds adjusted						
for allowance for doubtful accounts.			422,584			
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:						
Bonds, notes, and financed purchases payable	\$ (44,584,547)					
Unamortized bond premium	(3,231,575)					
Deferred charge on bond refunding	219,910					
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(544,615)					
Leases payable	(81,490)					
Long-term portion of compensated absences	(381,325)	(48,603,642)			
The net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources for pensions are not reflected on the fund financial						
statements.		(46,466,393)			
The net other postemployment benefit liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits are not reflected on the fund financial						
statements.			(4,841,955)			
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (15,239,656)			
		7 (, == ,===			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Local sources	\$ 31,561,348	\$ 14,627	\$ 31,575,975
States sources	7,673,700	-	7,673,700
Federal sources	2,166,065		2,166,065
TOTAL REVENUES	41,401,113	14,627	41,415,740
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instructional services	23,297,997	-	23,297,997
Support services	12,001,102	132,725	12,133,827
Operation of noninstructional services	1,099,129	23,674	1,122,803
Capital outlay	-	13,210,695	13,210,695
Debt service:			, ,
Principal	1,858,110	_	1,858,110
Interest	1,138,994	_	1,138,994
Refund of prior year revenues	216		216
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	39,395,548	13,367,094	52,762,642
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,005,565	(13,352,467)	(11,346,902)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Issuance of general obligation bonds	_	9,995,000	9,995,000
Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds	_	669,793	669,793
Proceeds from issuance of leases	95,061	-	95,061
Insurance recoveries	142,258	-	142,258
	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	237,319	10,664,793	10,902,112
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,242,884	(2,687,674)	(444,790)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	11,965,406	13,761,024	25,726,430
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 14,208,290	\$ 11,073,350	\$ 25,281,640

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year Ended June 30, 2022		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are of	different because:	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ (444,790)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays Less: depreciation and amortization expense Net loss on disposal of capital assets	\$ 14,087,822 (2,567,771) (3,050)	11,517,001
Because some taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds.		132,077
Issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		
Repayment of bonds, notes, and financed purchases payable Repayment of lease payable Issuance of leases Issuance of general obligation bonds Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds Amortization on bond premium Amortization of deferred charge on bond refunding	1,844,539 13,571 (95,061) (9,995,000) (669,793) 1,029,839 (85,126)	(7,957,031)
Interest expense incurred on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources.		(102,291)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The difference in the amount incurred and amount paid of these activities is:		
Compensated absences Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows Net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows	28,918 1,724,001 (215,874)	1,537,045
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 4,682,011

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund Food Service
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,100,852
Interfund receivables	46,688
Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables	103,385 1,010
Inventories	27,610
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,279,545
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	56,364
TOTAL ACCETS	1 225 000
TOTAL ASSETS	1,335,909
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources for pension	111,258
Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	5,794
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	117,052
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Interfund payables	284,427
Accrued salaries and benefits	12,355
Unearned revenues	18,407
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	315,189
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Net pension liability	435,132
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	39,263
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	474,395
TOTAL LIABILITIES	789,584
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources for pension	291,242
Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	368
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	291,610
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	56,364
Unrestricted	315,403
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 371,767

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Enterprise Fund Food Service	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Food service revenue		\$	45,830
ODEDATING EVERNOES			
OPERATING EXPENSES			404726
Salaries			184,736
Employee benefits			98,188
Pension and OPEB valuation adjustments			(101,170)
Supplies			343,015
Depreciation			4,840
Other expenses			56,897
т	OTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		586,506
	OPERATING LOSS		(540,676)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Earnings on investments			1,127
State sources			63,329
Federal sources			920,773
Loss on disposal of capital assets			(6,030)
		•	
TOTAL NONOPERAT	TING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		979,199
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION		438,523
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR			(66,756)
N	ET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	371,767
		$\dot{-}$	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Fund Food Service	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from users	\$	42,435
Payments to employees for services		(224,184)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(343,981)
NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(525,730)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State sources		60,601
Federal sources		769,531
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		830,132
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Earnings on investments		1,127
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		305,529
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		795,323
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,100,852

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:		Enterprise Fund Food Service	
Operating loss	\$	(540,676)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used	7	(5.15,51.5)	
for operating activities:			
Depreciation		4,840	
Donated commodities used		60,078	
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities,			
and deferred inflows of resources:			
Interfund receivables/payables		63,407	
Other receivables		(165)	
Inventories		(1,904)	
Deferred outflows of resources for pension		3,302	
Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits		(1,615)	
Accounts payable		(2,243)	
Accrued salaries and benefits		(4,667)	
Unearned revenues		(3,230)	
Net pension liability		(292,190)	
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities		2,217	
Deferred inflows of resources for pension		187,529	
Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits		(413)	
Total adjustments		14,946	
NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(525,730)	

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the District used \$60,078 of commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

		Custodial Funds	
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$	139,305	,
LIABILITIES			
Interfund payable		11,090)
Accounts payable		10,842	
TOTAL HARBE	TIEC	24.022	,
TOTAL LIABILI		21,932	_
NET POSITION	\$	117,373	<u>; </u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS Contributions and fundraising Earnings on investments		\$	120,605 21
	TOTAL ADDITIONS		120,626
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships Student activities			1,510 123,866
	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		125,376
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(4,750)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR			122,123
	NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	117,373

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

The Wyomissing Area School District ("School District" or the "District") is located in Berks County, Pennsylvania. The District tax base consists of two boroughs: West Reading and Wyomissing.

The Wyomissing Area School District is governed by a board of nine school directors who are residents of the District and who are elected every two years, on a staggered basis, for a four-year term. The board of school directors has the power and duty to establish, equip, furnish, and maintain a sufficient number of elementary, secondary, and other schools necessary to educate every person residing in such district, between the ages of 6 and 21 years, who may attend.

In order to establish, enlarge, equip, furnish, operate, and maintain any school herein provided, or to pay any school indebtedness which the District is required to pay, or to pay an indebtedness that may at any time hereafter be created by the District, the board of school directors are vested with all the necessary authority and power annually to levy and collect the necessary taxes required and granted by the legislature, in addition to the annual state appropriation, and are vested with all necessary power and authority to comply with and carry out any or all of the provisions of the Public School Code of 1949.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Wyomissing Area School District have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting principles are as follows:

A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District (the primary government) and its component units.

The District used guidance contained in generally accepted accounting principles to evaluate the possible inclusion of related entities (authorities, boards, councils, etc.) within its reporting entity. Accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America require that the reporting entity consists of the primary government and legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine through the exercise of management's professional judgement that the inclusion of a legally separate entity that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, that legally separate entity should be included as a component unit if the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government or other component units are such that the exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the financial reporting entity's financial statements incomplete or misleading. In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

A. Reporting Entity - continued

Based on the foregoing criteria, the District has determined it has no component units.

Governments commonly enter into special arrangements with each other to provide or obtain needed services. A common type of such an arrangement is a joint venture. In addition to joint ventures, governments also enter into contracts to plan for and address certain activities for their mutual benefits; i.e., a jointly governed organization. The District has one of each of these relationships:

Joint Venture: The District is a participating member of Berks Career & Technology Center. See Note 13 for details of involvement and financial information of the joint venture.

Jointly Governed Organizations: The District is a participating member of Berks County Intermediate Unit (BCIU). BCIU is run by a joint committee consisting of members from each participating district. No participating district appoints a majority of the joint committee. The board of directors of each participating district must approve BCIU's annual operating budget.

BCIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides services for fees to participating districts. As such, the District has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility in BCIU. BCIU contracts with participating districts to supply special education services, computer services, and to act as a conduit for certain federal programs.

B. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the reporting entity, except for its fiduciary activities. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. The government-wide statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government, as well as any discretely presented component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions are reported separately from business-type activities which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function to the District are offset by the program revenues related to that function. Direct expenses are those that are directly related to and clearly identified with a function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services or goods provided by a given function, or 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a function. Taxes and other items properly not included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements - continued

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transfers between governmental funds and business-type and fiduciary funds. Elimination of these transfers would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The District Reports the Following Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund: This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the District performs. Intergovernmental revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the District are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the District for which a separate fund has not been established.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital equipment and facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The District has the Following Major Enterprise Fund:

Food Service Fund: This fund accounts for all revenues, food purchases, and costs and expenses for the food service program. The food service fund is the District's only major enterprise fund where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing food services are covered by user charges and subsidies received.

Additionally, the District Reports the Following Fund Types:

Fiduciary Funds: The District's fiduciary funds are custodial funds. Custodial funds are fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. The District's custodial funds are the scholarship and student activities funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements - continued

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as interfund receivables and payables. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the food service fund are charges to customers for sales and services provided. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Federal and state subsidies are considered non-operating revenues as no exchange transaction occurs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - continued

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. If time eligibility requirements are not met, deferred inflows of resources would be recorded. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Budgetary Process

An operating budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the general fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required.

In accordance with Act 1 of 2006, the board shall annually, but not later than 110 days before the primary election, decide the budget option to be used for the following fiscal year. The board shall approve either the Accelerated Budget Process Option or the Board Resolution Option.

Accelerated Budget Process Option

Under this option, a preliminary budget must be adopted 90 days prior to the primary election. The preliminary budget must be available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to the budget adoption. The board shall give public notice of its intent to adopt the preliminary budget at least 10 days prior to the adoption.

If the primary budget exceeds the increase authorized by the Index, an application for an exception may be filed with the Pennsylvania Department of Education and made available for public inspection. The board may opt to forego applying for an exception by submitting a referendum question seeking voter approval for a tax increase, in accordance with Act 1.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

E. Budgetary Process - continued

Accelerated Budget Process Option - continued

The final budget shall include any necessary changes from the adopted preliminary budget. Any reduction required as the result of the failure of referendum shall be clearly stated. The final budget shall be made available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to final adoption. The board shall annually adopt the final budget by a majority vote of all members of the board prior to June 30.

Board Resolution Option

Under the Board Resolution Option, the board shall adopt a resolution that it will not raise the rate of any tax for the following fiscal year by more than the Index. Such resolution shall be adopted no later than 110 days prior to the primary election. At least 30 days prior to adoption of the final budget the board shall prepare a proposed budget. The proposed budget shall be available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to adoption of the budget. The board shall give public notice of its intent to adopt at least 10 days prior to adoption of the proposed budget. The board shall annually adopt the final budget by a majority vote of all members of the board by June 30.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The PA School Code allows the school board to make budgetary transfers between major function and major object codes only within the last nine months of the fiscal year, unless there is a two-thirds majority of the board approving the transfer. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and includes the effect of approved budget amendments.

F. Financial Position

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

Investments are valued at fair value in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, except for investments in external investment pools, which are valued at amortized costs if required criteria are met as outlined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

2. Investments - continued

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the fair value of investments will occur in the near-term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of net position.

3. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as "interfund receivables/payables." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

Inventories of the governmental funds, consisting principally of textbooks and instructional supplies, are not valued since it is the policy of the District to charge these items to expenditures upon acquisition.

Inventories of the enterprise fund consisting of food and paper supplies are carried at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. Federal donated commodities are valued at their fair market value as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture at the date of donation. The inventories on-hand at June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

Purchased food and supplies	\$ 23,420
Donated commodities	 4,190
	\$ 27,610

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenses/expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

5. Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The District's capital assets with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary capital assets are also reported in their respective financial statements. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Right-to-use lease assets are reported when a qualifying lease liability is incurred.

The District generally capitalizes assets with costs of \$1,500 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. Management has elected to include certain homogeneous asset categories with individual assets less than \$1,500 as composite groups for financial reporting purposes. Assets purchased or constructed with long-term debt may be capitalized regardless of the threshold established. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Construction in progress is stated at cost and consists primarily of costs incurred on construction projects. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until the assets are complete and placed into service. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives for depreciable assets are as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings and improvements	40 - 50
Land improvements	15 - 20
Furniture and equipment	3 - 10
Right-to-use lease assets	5

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

6. Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets to be held and used are required to be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In general, any long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. The District periodically evaluates the recoverability of its long-lived assets, including real estate and improvements and deferred costs, using objective methodologies. Such methodologies include evaluations based on cash flows generated by the underlying assets or other determinants of fair value. None of the District's long-lived assets were considered to be impaired as of June 30, 2022.

7. Unearned Revenues

Revenues that are received but not earned are reported as unearned revenues in the government-wide, governmental and proprietary fund financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the respective financial statements and revenue is recognized.

8. Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, personal and sick days based on employment agreements. Payments for vacation, sick pay, and personal leave are expensed as paid in the governmental fund statements. Accumulated vacation, personal, and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and that has matured is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability in the governmental fund that will pay it. Accumulated vacation, personal, or sick leave that is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and that has not matured is reported as a long-term liability in the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements and is expensed as incurred.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the statement of net position. This same treatment also applies to proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Other bond issuance costs are expensed at the time the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and original issue discounts or premiums are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs and underwriter's discount, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

10. Leases

Wyomissing Area School District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. Wyomissing Area School District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$1,500 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Also included within the lease
 term are any qualifying lease renewals or early termination options that the District is
 reasonably certain to exercise or not exercise. Lease payments included in the measurement
 of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the
 District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with noncurrent liabilities on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

11. Pension

The District contributes to the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The District accounts for the plan under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expense and related liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, certain required supplementary information, and note disclosures.

For the purpose of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS Plan and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refund of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The District's other postemployment benefit plans are accounted for under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefit expense and related liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, certain required supplementary information, and note disclosures. The District provides OPEB under the following two plans:

PSERS OPEB Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS Plan, and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

District OPEB Plan

The District sponsors a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District OPEB plan is unfunded.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

A deferred charge on bond refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred outflows of resources for pension relate to the District's net pension liability and pension expense and arise from changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the pension plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net pension liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred outflow. Also included are contributions made to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the District's year end. The contributions will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the following year.

Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefit liabilities relate to the District's liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions and related expenses and arise from the changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net other postemployment benefit liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred outflow. Also included are contributions or benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the District's year end. These payments will be recognized as a reduction to the net other postemployment benefits liability in the following year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Unavailable revenue arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source - property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Deferred inflows of resources for pensions relate to the District's net pension liability and pension expense and arise from changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the pension plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net pension liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred inflow.

Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefit liabilities relate to the District's liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions and related expenses and arise from changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the other postemployment benefit liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred inflow.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

14. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position is comprised of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. In addition, any deferred outflows of resources and/or deferred inflows of resources related to such capital assets or liabilities associated with the capital assets should also be added to or deducted from the overall net investment in capital assets. The restricted component of net position is used when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by a higher governmental authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The remaining component of net position is unrestricted.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both the restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available.

15. Fund Balance Policies and Flow Assumptions

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The restricted fund balance classification represents funds that are limited in use to constraints for a specific purpose through restrictions by external parties, grant agreements, or enabling legislation.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The business administrator or designee may assign fund balance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

F. Financial Position - continued

15. Fund Balance Policies and Flow Assumptions - continued

The District's unassigned fund balance of the general fund shall not be less than 6% of the following year's projected budgeted expenditures.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, the District's policy places no restrictions on the order of the unrestricted fund balances used. The order of the unrestricted fund balances used for disbursements is at the discretion of the business administrator.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Adoption of Accounting Standard

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance GASB Statement No. 87, retroactive to July 1, 2021. GASB Statement No. 87 was issued to recognize certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The adoption of this standard resulted in no restatement to beginning net position, assets, or liabilities.

Effective July 1, 2021, the District adopted new accounting standard guidance GASB Statement No. 89 related to accounting requirements for interest expenses incurred before the end of a construction period. Under this statement, interest expenses incurred before the end of a construction period must be recognized as an expense in the period in which the expenses are incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The adoption of this standard resulted in no restatement to beginning net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

The District had no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2022, no individual fund had a deficit fund balance or net position.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949, as amended, the District is permitted to invest funds in the following types of investments:

Obligations of (a) the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (b) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth, or (c) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

Deposits in savings accounts, time deposits, or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent that such accounts are so insured and for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law, therefore, shall be pledged by the depository.

Pennsylvania Act 10 of 2016 became effective May 25, 2016, and expanded the permitted investment types to include commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, negotiable certificates of deposit, and insured bank deposit reciprocals as long as certain safeguards related to credit quality and maturity are met.

The deposit and investment policy of the District adheres to state statutes. There were no deposits or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the state statutes or the policy of the District.

The breakdown of total cash and investments at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Petty cash	\$ 2,201
Demand deposits	3,780,677
Certificates of deposit	12,000
Pooled cash and investments	 26,661,355
	\$ 30,456,233

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does have a policy for custodial credit risk on deposits. At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$3,792,677 and the bank balance was \$3,906,783. Of the bank balance, \$763,478 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$3,143,305 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and the collateral held by the depository's agent was not in the District's name, but was covered by collateralization requirements under Act 72 of the 1971 session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly. Included in investments are certificates of deposit (CDs) that have original maturity dates greater than three months. The CDs are considered deposits for purposes of this disclosure and included as deposits in the custodial credit risk disclosure above. The District has CDs outstanding totaling \$12,000.

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following pooled cash and investments:

			Carrying	
_	Maturities	Fair Value	Value	Level
Pooled Cash and Investments:	_			
PA School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF):				
MAX account balance		\$ 2,383,785	\$ 2,383,785	N/A
Full Flex Pool		17,522,279	17,522,279	N/A
Certificates of deposit	< 1 year	6,228,000	5,728,000	N/A
U.S. Treasury and Government Agency Securities	1 - 5 years	474,492	500,000	N/A
PA Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT):				
PLGIT/Reserve-Class		528,299	528,299	
	Total		26,662,363	
Less: reconciling items			(1,008)	
Total pooled cash ar	nd investments		\$ 26,661,355	

Certain external investments held by the District, based on portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity measures, qualify for measurement at amortized cost at both the pool and participating government level consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The District measures those investments which include \$528,299 (PLGIT) and \$26,134,064 (PSDLAF) at amortized cost. All investments in external investment pools that are not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission are subject to oversight by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Investments - continued

A portion of the District's deposits are in the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF). The funds act like money market mutual funds in that their objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, are rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, and are subject to an independent annual audit.

The PSDMAX fund invests in U.S. treasury securities, U.S. government securities, its agencies and instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements, collateralized by such securities and contracted with highly-rated counterparties. Weighted average portfolio maturity for the fund is expected to be kept at or below 60 days. PSDMAX does not have limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

The PSDLAF Full Flex Pool, Certificates of Deposit, and U.S Treasury and Government Agency Securities, as part of the Fixed-Term Series at PSDLAF, are fixed-term investments collateralized in accordance with Act 72 and invests in assets listed above as permitted under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949. The Fixed-Term Series are fixed-term investment vehicles with maturities depending upon the maturity date of each particular Fixed-Term Series. All investments in a Fixed-Term Series by a Settlor are intended to be deposited for the full term of the particular Fixed-Term Series; however, participants in the full flex pool may remove funds without early withdrawal penalty. Whether a Fixed-Term Series has only one Settlor or more than one Settlor participating in it, each certificate of deposit in which the monies in such Fixed-Term Series are invested is registered in the name of that particular Fixed-Term Series.

PLGIT invests primarily in U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, as well as certain municipal obligations and collateralized or insured certificates of deposit. The fund manager intends to comply with guidelines similar to those mandated for money-market funds as contained in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

PLGIT/Reserve-Class is an option which requires a minimum investment of \$50,000, a one day minimum investment period, and limits redemptions or exchanges to two per calendar month. However, there is no minimum investment period and dividends are paid monthly.

As of June 30, 2022, the entire PLGIT, PSDLAF, and certificate of deposit book balance of \$26,661,355 is considered to be a cash equivalent for presentation on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Interest Rate Risk

The District does have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2022, the District had no investments subject to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

The District has an investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of June 30, 2022, the District's investments were rated as:

	Standard
Investment	s & Poor's
PSDLAF	AAAm
PLGIT	AAAm

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District does not have a policy that would limit the amount they may invest in any one issue. The District has no investments subject to this risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

The District collects its own real estate taxes. Assessed values are established by the County Board of Assessment. All taxable real property was assessed at \$841,455,000. In accordance with Act 1 of 2006, the District received \$489,399 in property tax reduction funds for the 2021/2022 fiscal year. The District tax rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 32.5441 mills (\$32.5441 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) as levied by the board of school directors. The schedule for real estate taxes levied for each fiscal year is as follows:

July 1	Levy date
July 1 - August 31	2% discount period
September 1 - October 31	Face payment period
November 1 - January 14	10% penalty period
January 15	Lien date - All taxes unpaid become delinquent and are turned over
	to the County Tax Claims Bureau for collection.

The District, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, recognized the delinquent and unpaid taxes receivable reduced by an allowance for uncollectible taxes as determined by administration. A portion of the net amount estimated to be collectible, which was measurable and available within 60 days, was recognized as revenue and the balance reported as unavailable revenue under deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements.

The balances at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	R	Gross Taxes eceivable	Unc	wance for ollectible Taxes	Net stimated to be ollectible	-	Tax levenue cognized	 navailable Revenue Taxes
Real Estate Property Tax	\$	503,328	\$	8,624	\$ 494,704	\$	72,120	\$ 431,208
Real Estate Transfer Earned Income Tax		36,318 144,897		-	36,318 144,897		36,318 144,897	-
Other		583		<u>-</u>	583		583	
	\$	685,126	\$	8,624	\$ 676,502	\$	253,918	\$ 431,208

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The District negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The District has one Pennsylvania Tax Increment Financing Act (TIF) agreement as of June 30, 2022. The TIF program authorized local taxing authorities to cooperate in providing financing for redevelopment of blighted areas in their jurisdictions which will generate new development and increase the value of taxable properties. The TIF was negotiated in accordance with Pennsylvania Assembly Act No. 113 of 1990, as amended, and a TIF Plan was prepared, which created the Penn Avenue TIF District. The Redevelopment Authority of the County of Berks (the "Authority") is the delegated administrator of the TIF Plan and Tax Increment Project (the "Project"). The objective of the Project was to redevelop a blighted property, a former motel site, for commercial purposes. The TIF District provided funds for acquisition, demolition, relocation, hard costs, and contingencies for redevelopment work at the site through the issuance of TIF debt incurred by the Authority in the amount of \$2,500,000. The TIF Plan has a term of 20 years, terminating February 1, 2027. The District pays the tax increment revenue (tax on assessed valuation of the improved property in excess of the original assessed value) to the Authority for the term of the TIF Plan or until the TIF debt is paid in full. Any increase in the current millage rate for real estate taxes is retained by the District and does not constitute tax increment revenue and is not paid over to the Authority. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the foregone real estate tax revenue as a result of the TIF tax abatement was \$44,752.

The District has not made any commitments as part of the agreement other than to reduce taxes.

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2022:

	Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables	
General Fund Capital Projects Fund Enterprise Fund - Food Service Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds	\$ \$ 331,415 - 46,688		39,608 42,978 284,427 11,090	
	\$ 378,103	\$	378,103	

Interfund receivables and payables exist as a result of the time lag between dates when goods and services were provided and payments between funds are made. All will be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

The following schedule represents intergovernmental receivables as of June 30, 2022:

ame of Governmental Unit		General Fund		Enterprise Food Service	
Berks County Intermediate Unit -					
Special Education Grants to States	\$	87,442	\$	-	
Special Education Preschool Grants		3,222		-	
RWAN rebate		12,472		-	
Lancaster-Lebanon Intermediate Unit -					
Special Education Grants to States		9,217		-	
Borough of Wyomissing - Crossing Guards		1,646		-	
Borough of West Reading - Crossing Guards		46,743		-	
Wilson School District - Transportation		20,593		-	
Governor Mifflin School District - Transportation		10,296		-	
Pennsylvania Department of Education:					
Social Security		216,121		-	
Retirement		1,077,950		-	
Rental subsidy		19,784		-	
School Lunch and Breakfast Programs		-		3,062	
Federal Subsidies:					
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies		83,220		-	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant		20,591		-	
English Language Acquisition State Grant		147		-	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment		8,645		-	
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief		748,736		-	
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary					
School Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and Youth		5,970		-	
Medical Assistance Program		61,020		-	
Medical Assistance Program - Admin		3,000		-	
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program		-		81,760	
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program				18,563	
TOTAL	\$ 2	2,436,815	\$	103,385	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Capital asset balances and activity for the ye), 2022, Were as 10		
	Beginning	1	(Reclass)	Ending
	Balance	Increase	Decrease	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				4
Land	\$ 232,196	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 232,196
Construction in progress	1,851,553	12,547,806	(104,949)	14,294,410
Totals not being depreciated	2,083,749	12,547,806	(104,949)	14,526,606
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	66,807,473	563,953	(7,319)	67,364,107
Land improvements	4,552,762	-	104,949	4,657,711
Furniture and equipment	8,585,500	881,002	(346,653)	9,119,849
Totals being depreciated	79,945,735	1,444,955	(249,023)	81,141,667
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	25,027,453	1,945,014	(5,228)	26,967,239
Land improvements	3,270,959	59,754	(3)223)	3,330,713
Furniture and equipment	6,279,963	548,744	(345,694)	6,483,013
Total accumulated depreciation	34,578,375	2,553,512	(350,922)	36,780,965
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING	45.267.262	(4.400.557)	101 000	44.252.722
DEPRECIATED, NET	45,367,360	(1,108,557)	101,899	44,360,702
Right-to-use lease assets being amortized:				
Equipment	-	95,061	-	95,061
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Equipment		14,259		14,259
Total right-to-use lease assets being				
amortized, net	-	80,802	-	80,802
		,		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES, CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 47,451,109	\$ 11,520,051	\$ (3,050)	\$ 58,968,110
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	7 47,431,103	7 11,320,031	7 (3,030)	y 30,300,110
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 248,658	\$ -	\$ (49,210)	\$ 199,448
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	181,424	4,840	(43,180)	143,084
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES,				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 67,234	\$ (4,840)	\$ (6,030)	\$ 56,364
,				<u> </u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Instruction	\$ 552,525
Instructional student support	2,695
Administrative and financial support services	355,338
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,641,767
Pupil transportation	8,461
Student activities	6,985

TOTAL DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 2,567,771

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Bonds, Notes, and Financed Purchases Payable

The District issues general obligation bonds, notes, and financed purchases payable to provide resources for major capital improvements and equipment financed purchases. The bonds and notes are issued on a pledge of the full faith and credit of the District as well as its general taxing authority. The financed purchases are secured by the related equipment.

Bonds, notes, and financed purchases payable were as follows at June 30, 2022:

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2021: The General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2021, aggregate principal of \$9,995,000, were issued on October 14, 2021, for the purpose of financing various capital projects of the District. The bonds mature from February 1, 2023 through February 1, 2040. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. Interest rates range from 1% - 4%.

9,995,000

General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2020A: The General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2020A, aggregate principal of \$30,700,000, were issued on September 8, 2020, for the purpose of currently refunding the General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2016A and 2016B and General Obligation Note, Series of 2015A, and financing various capital projects of the District. The bonds mature from February 1, 2025 through February 1, 2039. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. Interest rates range from 2% - 4%. The District realized cash flow savings of \$67,519 on the refunding.

30,700,000

Total bonds payable 40,695,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Direct Borrowings:	
General Obligation Note, Series of 2020B: The General Obligation Note, Series of 2020B, aggregate principal of \$6,930,000, was issued on September 8, 2020, for the purpose of advance refunding the outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2018. The note matures from February 1, 2021 through February 1, 2025. Interest is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 at a rate of 0.99%. The District realized cash flow savings of \$449,812 on the refunding.	3,680,000
Total note payable	3,680,000
<u>Financed purchase:</u> The District is liable for a financed purchase agreement for iPads and TVs, with annual payments of \$153,832, with final payment due in July 2022. The lease has an effective interest rate of 1.46%.	151,624
<u>Financed purchase:</u> The District is liable for a financed purchase agreement for projectors, with monthly payments of \$2,108, with final payment due in June 2024. The lease has an effective interest rate of 4.12%.	50,427
<u>Financed purchase:</u> The District is liable for a financed purchase agreement for computers, with annual payments of \$7,615, with final payment due in August 2022. The lease has an effective interest rate of 1.59%.	7,496
Total financed purchases payable	209,547

Total bonds, notes, and financed purchases payable

\$ 44,584,547

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

The future annual payments required to amortize all bonds, notes, and financed purchases payables for the years ending June 30 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	General Obliga			ation Bonds - Series of 2020A		Total General Obligation Bond Principal Interest			
2023	\$	305,000	\$		\$	305,000	\$	1 264 650	
	Ş	,	Ą	=	Ą	,	Ş	1,264,650	
2024		315,000		-		315,000		1,258,550	
2025		355,000		1,405,000		1,760,000		1,245,950	
2026		365,000		1,740,000		2,105,000		1,214,300	
2027		370,000		1,775,000		2,145,000		1,175,850	
2028 - 2032		1,920,000		9,500,000		11,420,000		5,175,400	
2033 - 2037		2,215,000		11,165,000		13,380,000		3,223,400	
2038 - 2040		4,150,000		5,115,000		9,265,000		638,550	
TOTAL	\$	9,995,000	\$	30,700,000	\$	40,695,000	\$	15,196,650	

Direct
Borrowings

	(General Obligation Note -	F	inanced		Total Direct	Borro	wings		Total Long	-Tern	n Debt
	Ser	ies of 2020B	P	Purchases Principal		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	1,680,000	\$	182,786	\$	1,862,786	\$	40,393	\$	2,167,786	\$	1,305,043
2024		1,695,000		24,660		1,719,660		20,440		2,034,660		1,278,990
2025		305,000		2,101		307,101		3,027		2,067,101		1,248,977
2026		=		-		-		-		2,105,000		1,214,300
2027		=		-		-		-		2,145,000		1,175,850
2028 - 2032		=		-		-		-		11,420,000		5,175,400
2033 - 2037		=		-		-		-		13,380,000		3,223,400
2038 - 2040								_		9,265,000		638,550
TOTAL	\$	3,680,000	\$	209,547	\$	3,889,547	\$	63,860	\$	44,584,547	\$	15,260,510

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Lease Payable

The District has entered into a lease agreement for copiers. The lease has a termination date of September 2026. The lease includes monthly payments of principal and interest at a rate of 3.0%. The lease is secured by the copier equipment.

Future lease maturities as of June 30 are as follows:

	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2023	\$	18,251	\$ 2,195	\$	20,446	
2024		18,806	1,640		20,446	
2025		19,378	1,068		20,446	
2026		19,968	478		20,446	
2027		5,087	 26		5,113	
TOTAL	\$	81,490	\$ 5,407	\$	86,897	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Beginning	0 alaliki a	Dadustiana	Ending	Amounts Due Within	
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Governmental Activities						
General obligation bonds:						
Bonds payable	\$ 30,700,000	\$ 9,995,000	\$ -	\$ 40,695,000	\$ 305,000	
Premiums	3,591,621	669,793	1,029,839	3,231,575	1,039,014	
Total general obligation bonds	34,291,621	10,664,793	1,029,839	43,926,575	1,344,014	
Direct borrowings:						
Note payable	5,345,000	-	1,665,000	3,680,000	1,680,000	
Financed purchases payable	389,086		179,539	209,547	182,786	
Total direct borrowings	5,734,086	_	1,844,539	3,889,547	1,862,786	
Total bonds, notes and						
financed purchases payable, net	40,025,707	10,664,793	2,874,378	47,816,122	3,206,800	
maneca parenases payable, nec	10,023,707	10,00 1,730	2,07 1,070	.,,010,122	3,200,000	
Lease payable	-	95,061	13,571	81,490	18,251	
Compensated absences	571,058	2,830	61,933	511,955	130,630	
Net pension liability	56,094,678	-	9,232,810	46,861,868	-	
Net other postemployment						
benefit liabilities	4,963,047	537,175	205,860	5,294,362		
Total Governmental						
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 101,654,490	\$ 11,299,859	\$ 12,388,552	\$ 100,565,797	\$ 3,355,681	
Business-Type Activities						
Net pension liability	\$ 727,322	\$ -	\$ 292,190	\$ 435,132	\$ -	
Net other postemployment						
benefit liabilities	37,046	3,452	1,235	39,263		
Total Business-Type						
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 764,368	\$ 3,452	\$ 293,425	\$ 474,395	\$ -	

Payments for bonds, notes, financed purchases, and lease payable are made by the general fund. Total interest paid during the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$1,138,994. The compensated absences liabilities will be liquidated by the general fund. The net pension and PSERS OPEB Plan portion of the OPEB liability will be liquidated through future contributions to PSERS at the statutory rates; contributions will be made from the general and food service funds. The District OPEB Plan portion of the OPEB liability will be liquidated through future payments from the general fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Events of Default

The District's general obligation bonds and notes contain a provision that in the event of default of non-payment of principal and interest, the School Code allows for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to withhold monies from the School District subsidies and pay any past due amounts directly to the paying agent for payment to the bond holders/lenders. The financed purchases provisions for default include all principal remaining due immediately, as well as surrendering of the pledged equipment.

Defeased Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District issued General Obligation Notes, Series of 2020B to advance refund the balance of General Obligation Bond, Series 2018. The advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance debt defeasance and the bond was removed from the District's long-term liabilities.

As of June 30, 2022, outstanding general obligation bonds of the District in the amount of \$6,115,000 were considered to be defeased with a related \$6,469,658 (market value at June 30, 2022) held in escrow funds.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description

PSERS (the System) is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under Title 24 Part IV of the Pennsylvania General Assembly. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

General Information About the Pension Plan - continued

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of 5 years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after 10 years of service.

Act 5 of 2017 (Act 5) introduced a hybrid benefit plan with two membership classes and a separate defined contribution plan for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2019. Act 5 created two new hybrid membership classes, Membership class T-G (Class T-G) and Membership Class T-H (Class T-H) and the separate defined contribution membership class, Membership Class DC (Class DC).

Class T-G and Class T-H members who qualify for a defined benefit normal retirement benefit must work until age 67 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum 35 years of service.

Defined benefits for T-G and T-H are 1.25% or 1.00%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. A member's right to a defined benefit is vested in 10 years.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2.0% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

General Information About the Pension Plan - continued

Contributions

The contribution policy is set by state statute and requires contributions by active members, employers, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The contribution rates based on qualified member compensation for virtually all members are presented below:

	Member Contribution Rates							
Membership	Continuous Employment		DC Contribution	Total Contribution				
Class	Since	Defined Benefit (DB) Contribution Rate	Rate	Rate				
T-C	Prior to July 22, 1983	5.25%	N/A	5.25%				
1-0	Filor to July 22, 1963	3.23/0	N/A	6.25%				
T-C	On or after July 22, 1983	6.25%	N/A	6.25%				
T-D	Prior to July 22, 1983	6.50%	N/A	6.50%				
T-D	On or after July 22, 1983	7.50%	N/A	7.50%				
T-E	On or after July 1, 2011	7.50% base rate with shared risk provision	N/A	7.50%				
T-F	On or after July 1, 2011	10.30% base rate with shared risk provision	N/A	10.30%				
T-G	On or after July 1, 2019	5.50% base rate with shared risk provision	2.75%	8.25%				
T-H	On or after July 1, 2019	4.50% base rate with shared risk provision	3.00%	7.50%				
DC	On or after July 1, 2019	N/A	7.50%	7.50%				

Shared Risk Program Summary								
Membership	Defined Benefit (DB) Base	Shared Risk						
Class	Rate	Increment	Minimum	Maximum				
T-E	7.50%	+/- 0.50%	5.50%	9.50%				
T-F	10.30%	+/- 0.50%	8.30%	12.50%				
T-G	5.50%	+/- 0.75%	2.50%	8.50%				
T-H	4.50%	+/- 0.75%	1.50%	7.50%				

Employer Contributions:

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was 33.99% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$5,786,394 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Contributions to the defined contribution pension plan from the District were \$25,536 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

General Information About the Pension Plan - continued

Contributions - continued

Employer Contributions: - continued

The District is also required to contribute a percentage of covered payroll to PSERS for healthcare insurance premium assistance. Under the current legislation, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania reimburses the District for no less than one-half of the employer contributions made, including contributions related to pension and healthcare (OPEB). This arrangement does not meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB Standards. Therefore, the net pension liability and related pension expense represents 100% of the District's share of these amounts. The total reimbursement recognized by the District for the year ended June 30, 2022, for pension and OPEB benefits was \$2,976,711.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$47,297,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported contributions as it relates to the total one-year reported contributions. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.1152%, which was a decrease of 0.0002% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,961,034. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 35,000	\$ 621,000
Changes in assumptions	2,294,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
investment earnings	-	7,529,000
Changes in proportion - plan level	296,000	72,000
Changes in proportion - internal	215,600	215,600
Difference between employer contributions and		
proportionate share of total contributions	26,097	-
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	5,786,394	
	\$ 8,653,091	\$ 8,437,600

The \$5,786,394 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2023	\$ (1,303,772)
2024	(900,296)
2025	(937,256)
2026	(2,429,579)
	\$ (5,570,903)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at June 30, 2021, was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability at June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.50%.
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The PSERS pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

The PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021 is:

	Long-Term
Target	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return
27.0%	5.2%
12.0%	7.3%
35.0%	1.8%
10.0%	2.0%
8.0%	3.1%
8.0%	5.1%
10.0%	4.7%
3.0%	0.1%
(13.0%)	0.1%
100.0%	
	27.0% 12.0% 35.0% 10.0% 8.0% 8.0% 10.0% 3.0% (13.0%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease 6.00%	Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 62,079,000	\$ 47,297,000	\$ 34,828,000		
net pension nability	۶ 02,075,000	۶ 41,231,000	→ J 4 ,020,000		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Payables Related to the Plan

At June 30, 2022, the District had an accrued balance due to PSERS, including contributions related to pension and OPEB of \$2,159,923. This amount represents the District's contractually obligated contributions for wages earned in April 2022 through June 2022.

403(b) Tax Shelter Plan

The District has established a 403(b) tax shelter plan permitting the establishment of accounts for school employees to voluntarily set aside monies to supplement their retirement income. All school employees are eligible to participate. The District does not contribute to the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Employee Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

The District has other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under 2 different plans: (1) a cost-sharing, multiple employer, employee defined benefit other postemployment benefits plan administered through PSERS (PSERS OPEB Plan) and (2) a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (District OPEB Plan). The District's aggregate net OPEB liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

				Deferred		[Deferred	
		Net OPEB		Οι	Outflows of		nflows of	
Plan			Liability		Resources		Resources	
PSERS OPEB Plan		\$	2,728,000	\$	527,191	\$	40,000	
District OPEB Plan			2,605,625		418,927		448,285	
	Total	\$	5,333,625	\$	946,118	\$	488,285	

PSERS OPEB Plan

General Information About the PSERS OPEB Plan

Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides Premium Assistance, which is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2021, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of the System can participate in the Premium Assistance Program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the Health Option Program or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

Pension Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2021, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Contributions

The contribution policy is set by state statute. A portion of each employer's contribution is set aside for premium assistance. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was 0.80% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$136,191 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The District is also required to contribute a percentage of covered payroll to PSERS for pension benefits. Under the current legislation, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania reimburses the District for no less than one-half of the employer contributions made, including contributions related to pension and healthcare. This arrangement does not meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB Standards. Therefore, the net PSERS OPEB liability and related expense represents 100% of the District's share of these amounts. The total reimbursement recognized by the District for the year ended June 30, 2022, for pension and OPEB benefits was \$2,976,711.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$2,728,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.1151%, which was no change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$183,128. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	291,000 25,000	\$	36,000
investment earnings		5,000		-
Changes in proportion		70,000		4,000
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		136,191		
	\$	527,191	\$	40,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

The \$136,191 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2023	\$ 64,000
2024	64,000
2025	84,000
2026	59,000
2027	44,000
Thereafter	 36,000
	_
	\$ 351,000

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 2.18% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-202 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- Participation rate:
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre-age 65 at 50%
 - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post-age 65 at 70%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2015.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2021.
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: Market Value.
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

The PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021 is:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash US Core Fixed Income Non-US Developed Fixed	79.8% 17.5% 2.7%	0.1% 0.7% (0.3%)
	100.0%	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.18%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.18% which represents the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2021, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2021, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2021, 93,392 retirees were receiving the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. As of June 30, 2021, 611 members were receiving less than the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement date, calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if the health cost trends were one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	6 Decrease	T	rend Rate	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	2,728,000	\$	2,728,000	\$	2,728,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.18%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (1.18%) or one-percentage point higher (3.18%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease 1.18%						% Increase 3.18%
		1.10/0		2.10/0		3.1070	
District's proportionate share of the							
net OPEB liability	\$	3,131,000	\$	2,728,000	\$	2,396,000	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Payables Related to the Plan

At June 30, 2022, the District had an accrued balance due to PSERS of \$2,159,923, including balances related to pension and OPEB. This amount represents the District's contractually obligated contributions for wages earned in April 2022 through June 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan

General Information About the District OPEB Plan

Plan Description

Wyomissing Area School District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the OPEB Plan). The District OPEB Plan provides medical, prescription drug, dental and vision insurance for eligible retirees through the District's health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members until the member reaches Medicare age. Benefit provisions are established through negotiation with the District and the unions representing the District's employees. The OPEB Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Benefits Provided

The District classifies employees in the following categories: Administrators, Teachers, and Support Staff. Contribution requirements are negotiated between the District and union representatives. Below is a summary of the postemployment benefits provided to each of these groups:

I. Administrators

ELIGIBILITY	COVERAGE AND PREMIUM SHARING	DURATION
Act 110/43	Coverage Medical, Prescription Drug, Dental and Vision Premium Sharing Member and spouse will receive benefits for medical, prescription drug, dental and vision but must contribute 102% of the premiums. Upon the death of a retiree, the spouse may continue coverage until he/she reaches Medicare age.	 Member coverage ceases upon attainment of age 65. Spouse coverage ceases upon attainment of age
	Dependents - Spouses included	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

Benefits Provided - continued

II. Teachers

ELIGIBILITY	COVERAGE AND PREMIUM SHARING	DURATION
Act 110/43	Coverage Medical, Prescription Drug, Dental, and Vision	Same as I.
	Premium Sharing If member reaches 25 years of service with the district as of 6/30/2010, and requirements are met for Act 110/43, member and spouse will receive benefits for medical, prescription drug, dental and vision. Contributions for the member are \$135/month and contributions for the spouse are 102% of the premium for single coverage.	
	If the member does not reach the requirements for the district subsidy but requirements are met for the Act 110/43 benefit, the member and spouse may continue coverage by paying the full premiums for coverage as determined for the purpose of COBRA. Upon death of a retiree, the spouse may continue coverage until he/she reaches Medicare age.	
	Dependents - Spouses included	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

Benefits Provided - continued

III. Support Staff

iii. Jupport Stair		
ELIGIBILITY	COVERAGE AND PREMIUM SHARING	DURATION
Act 110/43	Coverage Medical, Prescription Drug, Dental, and Vision Premium Sharing Member and spouse will receive benefits for medical, prescription drug, dental and vision but must contribute 102% of the premiums. Upon the death of a retiree, the spouse may continue coverage until he/she reaches Medicare age.	Same as I.
	Dependents - Spouses included	

Pennsylvania Act 110 of 1988 and Act 43 of 1989 require school employers in Pennsylvania to give retirees and their dependents the right to coverage in the group health plan to which they belonged as employees. All employees are eligible for this benefit upon retirement with 30 years of PSERS service or upon superannuation retirement.

PSERS Retirement:

- 1) Pension Class T-C or T-D: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he (or she) is eligible for either: i) PSERS early retirement while under 62 with 5 years of PSERS Service or ii) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 60 with 30 years of PSERS service, age 62 with 1 year of PSERS service or 35 years of PSERS service regardless of age. In general, these pension classes apply to individuals who were members of PSERS prior to July 1, 2011.
- 2) Pension Class T-E or T-F: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he (or she) is eligible for either: i) PSERS early retirement while under 65 with 10 years of PSERS Service or ii) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 65 with 3 years of PSERS service or upon attainment of a total combination of age plus service equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of PSERS service. In general, these pension classes apply to individuals who became members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2011 and prior to July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

Benefits Provided - continued

- 3) Pension Class T-G: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he (or she) is eligible for either: i) PSERS early retirement while under 67 with 10 years of PSERS Service or ii) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 67 with 3 years of PSERS service or upon attainment of a total combination of age plus service equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum of 35 years of PSERS service. In general, these pension class applies to individuals who became members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2019.
- 4) Pension Class T-H: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he (or she) is eligible for either: i) PSERS early retirement while under 67 with 10 years of PSERS Service or ii) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 67 with 3 years of PSERS. In general, these pension class applies to individuals who became members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2019.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2021, the date of the most recent actuary valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active participants	255
Retired participants	10
Total	265

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

OPEB Liability

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2021, was determined by rolling forward the District's total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2020 to July 1, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal.
- Salary increases 2.50% cost of living adjustment, 1% real wage growth, and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%.
- Discount rate 2.28% based on the Standard & Poor's Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2021.
- Mortality rates Separate rates are assumed preretirement and postretirement using the rates assumed in the PSERS defined benefit pension plan actuarial valuation. Incorporated into the table are rates projected generationally by the Buck Modified 2016 projection scale to reflect mortality improvement.
- Healthcare cost trend rates 5.5% in 2021 through 2023. Rates gradually decrease from 5.4% in 2024 to 4.0% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model.
- Participation rates 100% of Teachers who receive a subsidy, 75% of Teachers and Administrators who do not receive a subsidy, and 25% of the Support Staff are assumed to elect coverage

The actuarial assumptions were selected using input from the District based on actual experience.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at July 1, 2021	\$	2,513,093	
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Changes in assumptions Benefit payments		197,724 49,686 (81,911) (72,967) 92,532	
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	2,605,625	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (1.28%) or one-percentage point higher (3.28%) than the current discount rate:

	Current						
	19	6 Decrease 1.28%	Dis	scount Rate 2.28%	19	% Increase 3.28%	
District's proportionate share of the							
net OPEB liability	\$	2,802,900	\$	2,605,625	\$	2,416,782	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current	
		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
OPEB Plan - Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,268,975	\$ 2,605,625	\$ 3,006,759

OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$240,494. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred itflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	266,238 81,321 71,368	\$	129,969 318,316 -
	\$	418,927	\$	448,285

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

District OPEB Plan - continued

OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

The \$71,368 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB liabilities resulting from benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2023	\$	(6,916)
2024		(6,916)
2025		(6,916)
2026		(6,916)
2027		(6,916)
Thereafter		(66,146)
	Ċ	(100 726)
	<u> </u>	(100,726)

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Early Retirement Incentive

The District pays severance pay to professional employees at retirement based on years of service. Eligible employees receive \$150 per year of service for 15-24 years of service completed, \$225 per year of service for 25-29 years of service completed, and \$300 per year of service for 30 or more years of service completed. Severance payments are paid in equal amounts over a three-year period following retirement if the total severance amount is less than \$15,000 or in annual installments of \$5,000 until paid in full if the total severance amount is \$15,000 or more. An accrual of \$40,370 has been made to the fund financial statements for the portion due in the next fiscal year and an accrual of \$23,780 has been made to the government-wide financial statements for the severance portion due beyond one year.

Vacation Leave

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, vacation leave earned at the balance sheet date should be recorded as a liability. As such, the value of vacation leave earned at June 30, 2022, recorded in the General Fund that will use currently available financial resources is \$90,260.

Unused Sick Leave

The District reimburses certain employees for unused accumulated sick leave upon retirement at a rate of \$45 per day (teachers) or \$40 per day (administrators). An accrual has been made to the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2022 for \$357,545.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - JOINT VENTURE

The District is a participating member of the Berks Career & Technology Center. The Berks Career & Technology Center is controlled and governed by a joint board, which is composed of representative school board members of the participating schools. Direct oversight of Berks Career & Technology Center operations is the responsibility of the joint board. The board of directors of each participating district must approve the Center's annual operating budget. The District's share of annual operating and capital costs for Berks Career & Technology Center fluctuates based on the percentage of enrollment. The District's share for the 2021/2022 year was \$517,328.

Summary financial information as of June 30, 2021 (the most recent information available), is as follows:

Berks Career & Technology Center - Governmental Activities						
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	\$ 32,849,856 31,170,792					
Total net position	\$	1,679,064				

Separate financial statements of the Berks Career & Technology Center have been prepared and are available.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs. The District's Workmen's Compensation policy is a retrospectively rated policy; the final total premium is based on the actual payroll for the policy year and is determined by the insurance carrier. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages for the 2021/2022 year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District receives federal, state, and local funding through a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on filing reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustments resulting from subsequent examinations are recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. District officials do not expect any significant adjustments as a result of these examinations.

The District is involved in routine litigation incidental to the conduct of its business. The results, in the opinion of management, are not likely to affect the District's financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

The District has entered into an agreement for the transportation of students. The Agreement is for the period of July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2026. The contractor provides all equipment and labor necessary. The District is responsible for supplying the fuel. The cost for the transportation services is determined based on a yearly base service cost, which is reconciled prior to June 30th each year.

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2022, the District has entered into contracts related to capital projects. Contracts outstanding are as follows:

	Contract	Expenditures	Commitment
	Amount	Incurred	Remaining
JR/SR High School renovations Wyomissing Hills renovations West Reading renovations	\$ 9,983,926 11,062,419 446,049	\$ 6,054,601 7,405,200 414,897	\$ 3,929,325 3,657,219 31,152
Total commitments	\$ 21,492,394	\$ 13,874,698	\$ 7,617,696

These commitments will be liquidated by funds in the capital projects funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 17 - FUND BALANCE

Details of the District's governmental fund balance reporting and policy can be found in Note 1, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*. Fund balance classifications for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

General Fund

The general fund has nonspendable funds of \$16,280 for prepaid expenditures and restricted funds of \$176,953 consisting of \$12,350 for the lacrosse program, \$12,766 for the fence project donations, \$263 for the KURR Grant, \$650 for post graduate events, \$1,349 for Instrument rentals, \$332 for Camp Conrad Weiser, \$6,985 for special education books, and \$142,258 for insurance proceeds for gym floor damage. The general fund also has committed funds of \$4,193,192 for retirement rate increases, \$3,821,488 for capital reserves, \$1,100,000 for curriculum enhancements, \$701,000 for vehicle/equipment replacements, and \$857,743 for FFE/athletic improvements; assigned funds of \$41,539 appropriated for the 2022/2023 budget; and unassigned fund balance of \$3,300,095. All commitments and assignments were authorized by the board of school directors' resolution to set aside resources for specific purposes.

Capital Projects

The capital projects fund has restricted funds of \$11,073,350, consisting of unspent bond funds.

NOTE 18 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following standards which have not yet been implemented:

- Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based IT Arrangements This statement establishes guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. This statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset an intangible asset and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. This statement is effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.
- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of Statement No. 62 The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONTINUED

• Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences - The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

The District has not yet completed the analysis necessary to determine the financial statement impact of these new pronouncements.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	BUE	OGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	Final to Actual
REVENUES	4	4	4	
Local sources	\$ 30,681,196	\$ 30,681,196	\$ 31,561,348	\$ 880,152
State sources	7,433,800	7,433,800	7,673,700	239,900
Federal sources	2,388,644	2,388,644	2,166,065	(222,579)
TOTAL REVENUES	40,503,640	40,503,640	41,401,113	897,473
EVDENDITUDES				
EXPENDITURES INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES:				
Regular programs - elementary/secondary	16,748,356	16,690,382	16,909,930	(219,548)
Special programs - elementary/secondary	6,274,208	6,340,178	5,825,973	514,205
Vocational education	520,720	520,720	517,328	3,392
Other instructional programs - elementary/secondary	32,538	31,818	44,766	(12,948)
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	23,575,822	23,583,098	23,297,997	285,101
SUPPORT SERVICES:				
Students	1,486,977	1,490,728	1,457,445	33,283
Instructional staff	856,234	856,358	830,554	25,804
Administration	2,558,843	2,560,742	2,648,402	(87,660)
Pupil health	566,464	569,544	537,284	32,260
Business	722,792	722,792	726,796	(4,004)
Operation and maintenance of plant	2,752,372	2,752,222	2,880,352	(128,130)
Student transportation	1,035,141	1,017,861	1,111,917	(94,056)
Central	1,127,229	1,128,429	1,781,668	(653,239)
Other	26,900	26,900	26,684	216
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	11,132,952	11,125,576	12,001,102	(875,526)
OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES:				
Student activities	1,087,328	1,087,328	1,060,558	26,770
Community services	62,684	62,684	37,721	24,963
Scholarships and awards	700	800	850	(50)
TOTAL ODERATION OF				
TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	1,150,712	1,150,812	1,099,129	51,683
DEDT CERVICE	2.074.064	2.074.064	2 007 404	074.000
DEBT SERVICE REFUND OF PRIOR YEAR REVENUES	3,871,964	3,871,964	2,997,104 216	874,860
VELOUID OL LUICK LENK KEAFUNES				(216)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	39,731,450	39,731,450	39,395,548	335,902
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	772,190	772,190	2,005,565	1,233,375

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	BUD)GET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	Final to Actual
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			05.054	05.064
Proceeds from issuance of leases Insurance recoveries	-	-	95,061 142,258	95,061 142,258
Budgetary reserve	(1,019,280)	(1,019,280)	-	1,019,280
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,019,280)	(1,019,280)	237,319	1,256,599
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (247,090)	\$ (247,090)	2,242,884	\$ 2,489,974
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			11,965,406	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 14,208,290	

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2022

BUDGETARY DATA

The budget for the general fund is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the PDE 2028 when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all 2021/2022 budget transfers.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds

No individual governmental fund required to have a legally adopted budget had an excess of expenditures over appropriations.

Budgetary Compliance

The District's only legally adopted budget is for the general fund. All budgetary transfers were made within the last nine months of the fiscal year. The District cancels all purchase orders open at year end; therefore, it does not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2022. In addition, the District includes a portion of the prior year's fund balance represented by unappropriated liquid assets remaining in the fund as budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior period's excess of revenues over expenditures.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.1152%	0.1154%	0.1151%	0.1132%	0.1080%	0.1087%	0.1059%	0.1056%	0.1026%
District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 47,297,000	\$ 56,822,000	\$ 53,847,000	\$ 54,342,000	\$ 53,339,000	\$ 53,868,000	\$ 45,871,000	\$ 41,797,000	\$ 42,001,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 16,318,229	\$ 16,156,089	\$ 15,866,897	\$ 15,250,077	\$ 14,381,434	\$ 14,077,519	\$ 13,629,107	\$ 13,474,503	\$ 13,167,353
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	289.84%	351.71%	339.37%	356.34%	370.89%	382.65%	336.57%	310.19%	318.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%	54.50%

The District's covered payroll noted above is as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is one year prior to the fiscal year end.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes in benefit terms

With the passage of Act 5 on June 12, 2017, class T-E & T-F members are now permitted to elect a lump sum payment of member contributions upon retirement.

Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total Pension Liability beginning June 30, 2021

- The Discount Rate decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%. The inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%. Payroll growth assumption decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.00%, which was comprised of inflation of 2.75%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.25%, to an effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to a blended table based on 50% PubT-2010 Employee (Total Teacher dataset) and 50% PubG-2010 (Total General Employees data), adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version MP-2020.
- For disabled annuitants the rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to Pub-2010 Disability Mortality Non-Safety Headcount Weighted table, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020.

Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total Pension Liability beginning June 30, 2016

- The Investment Rate of Return was adjusted from 7.50% to 7.25%. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.50%, which was comprised of inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.50%, to an effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for only those years available is shown.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,786,394	\$ 5,481,247	\$ 5,397,587	\$ 5,173,808	\$ 4,845,614	\$ 4,214,323	\$ 3,537,495	\$ 2,827,068	\$ 2,174,478	\$ 1,522,915
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	5,786,394	5,481,247	5,397,587	5,173,808	4,845,614	4,214,323	3,537,495	2,827,068	2,174,478	1,522,915
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 17,032,925	\$ 16,318,229	\$ 16,156,089	\$ 15,866,897	\$ 15,250,077	\$ 14,381,434	\$ 14,077,519	\$ 13,629,107	\$ 13,474,503	\$ 13,167,353
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	33.97%	33.59%	33.41%	32.61%	31.77%	29.30%	25.13%	20.74%	16.14%	11.57%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PSERS OPEB PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the collective net PSERS OPEB liability	0.1151%	0.1151%	0.1151%	0.1132%	0.1080%	0.1087%
District's proportionate share of the collective net PSERS OPEB liability	\$ 2,728,000	\$ 2,487,000	\$ 2,448,000	\$ 2,360,000	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 2,341,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 16,318,229	\$ 16,156,089	\$ 15,866,897	\$ 15,250,077	\$ 14,381,434	\$ 14,077,519
District's proportionate share of the net PSERS OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.72%	15.39%	15.43%	15.48%	15.30%	16.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total PSERS OPEB liability	5.30%	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%	5.73%	5.47%

The District's covered payroll noted above is as of the measurement date of the net PSERS OPEB liability, which is one year prior to the fiscal year end.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes in benefit terms

None.

Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total OPEB Liability beginning June 30, 2021

- The Discount Rate decreased from 2.66% to 2.18%. The inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%. Payroll growth assumption decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.00%, which was comprised of inflation of 2.75%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.25%, to an effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to a blended table based on 50% PubT-2010 Employee (Total Teacher dataset) and 50% PubG-2010 (Total General Employees data), adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version MP-2020.
- For disabled annuitants the rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to Pub-2010 Disability Mortality Non-Safety Headcount Weighted table, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020.

Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total OPEB liability beginning June 30, 2016

- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.50%, which was comprised of inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.50%, to an effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

For each year presented, the discount rate is updated using the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for only those years available is shown.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS OPEB PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 136,191	\$ 134,128	\$ 135,910	\$ 131,726	\$ 126,713	\$ 119,791	\$ 118,860	\$ 124,115	\$ 126,392	\$ 113,888
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	136,191	134,128	135,910	131,726	126,713	119,791	118,860	124,115	126,392	113,888
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 17,032,925	\$ 16,318,229	\$ 16,156,089	\$ 15,866,897	\$ 15,250,077	\$ 14,381,434	\$ 14,077,519	\$ 13,629,107	\$ 13,474,503	\$ 13,167,353
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.80%	0.82%	0.84%	0.83%	0.83%	0.83%	0.84%	0.91%	0.94%	0.86%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - DISTRICT OPEB PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		 2022		2021	 2020	2019		2018
Total OPEB liability:								
Service cost		\$ 197,724	\$	153,257	\$ 152,270	\$ 148,888	\$	143,192
Interest		49,686		85,902	73,688	68,402		49,414
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(376,192)	-	117,465		-
Changes in assumptions		(81,911)		284,199	(70,667)	1,793		38,140
Benefit payments		 (72,967)	_	(81,679)	 (61,437)	 (42,036)		(27,988)
	Net change in total OPEB liability	92,532		65,487	93,854	294,512		202,758
Total OPEB liability, beginning		 2,513,093		2,447,606	 2,353,752	 2,059,240		1,856,482
	Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 2,605,625	\$	2,513,093	\$ 2,447,606	\$ 2,353,752	\$	2,059,240
Covered Employee Payroll		\$ 15,142,310	\$	15,142,310	\$ 13,971,769	\$ 13,971,769	\$ 1	3,569,477
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		17.21%		16.60%	17.52%	16.85%		15.18%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

Significant changes in assumptions for the July 1, 2021 measurement date are as follows:

• The discount rate changed from 1.86% to 2.28%.

Significant changes in assumptions for prior measurement dates are as follows:

- The discount rate was updated each year based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index.
- The healthcare cost trend assumption was updated each year.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for only those years available is shown.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - FOOD SERVICE FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES		
Student's payments	\$	4,625
Adult's payments/A la Carte	Ψ	37,062
Federal subsidies		860,695
State subsidies		63,329
Commodities received		60,078
Interest revenue		1,127
Vending machine sales		1,838
Special events		2,305
TOTAL REVENUES		1,031,059
COST OF GOODS SOLD		
Inventory - beginning of year		25,706
Purchases - commodities		60,078
Purchases - food and milk		243,127
Less: inventory - end of year		(27,610)
		(=: /===/
TOTAL COST OF GOODS SOLD		301,301
GROSS PROFIT		729,758
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries		184,736
Employee benefits		98,188
Pension and OPEB valuation adjustments		(101,170)
Repairs and maintenance		9,855
Supplies		41,714
Depreciation		4,840
Other expenses		47,042
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		285,205
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		263,203
NONOPERATING EXPENSES		
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(6,030)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		438,523
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR		(66,756)
` '		, , 7
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	371,767

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

		Scholarships		Student holarships Activities			Total Custodial Funds		
ASSETS Cash and investments		\$	55,046	\$	84,259	\$	139,305		
LIABILITIES Interfund payable Accounts payable			- -		11,090 10,842		11,090 10,842		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES				21,932		21,932		
NET POSITION		\$	55,046	\$	62,327	\$	117,373		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Scholarships	Student Activities	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS			
Contributions and fundraising	\$ - 9	\$ 120,605	\$ 120,605
Earnings on investments	9	12	21
TOTAL ADDITIONS	9	120,617	120,626
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships	1 510		1 510
Scholarships Student activities	1,510	- 123,866	1,510 123,866
Stadent detivities			
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	1,510	123,866	125,376
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,501)	(3,249)	(4,750)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	56,547	65,576	122,123
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 55,046	\$ 62,327	\$ 117,373

See accompanying notes. 94

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Grantor/Program Title	Source Code	Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Federal Pass-through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Program or Award Amount	Receipts For the Year	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at July 1, 2021	Revenue Recognized/ Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue June 30, 2022
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION									
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education:		04.040	042 24 0407	07/04/20 00/20/24	ć 265.220	ć 70.044	¢ 66.600	ć 2.000	ć (242)
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	!	84.010 84.010	013-21-0497 013-22-0497	07/01/20-09/30/21 07/21/21-09/30/22	\$ 265,330 293,793	\$ 70,811 210,573	\$ 66,600	\$ 3,999 293,793	\$ (212) 83,220
Subtotal - ALN 84.010	'	84.010	013-22-0497	07/21/21-09/30/22	233,733	281,384	66,600	297,792	83,008
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	1	84.367	020-20-0497	07/08/19-09/30/20	53,786	3,611	3,611	-	-
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	I	84.367	020-21-0497	07/01/20-09/30/21	49,931	3,414	20,487	(1,286)	15,787
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	ı	84.367	020-22-0497	07/21/21-09/30/22	52,397	30,815		35,619	4,804
Subtotal - ALN 84.367						37,840	24,098	34,333	20,591
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	ı	84.424	144-20-0497	07/08/19-09/30/20	20,443	2,726	10,903	-	8,177
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	- 1	84.424	144-21-0497	07/01/20-09/30/21	20,355	14,927	7,822	7,105	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	I	84.424	144-22-0497	07/21/21-09/30/22	19,953	13,294		13,762	468
Subtotal - ALN 84.424						30,947	18,725	20,867	8,645
English Language Acquisition State Grant	1	84.365	010-22-0497	07/01/21-09/30/22	11,777	11,630	-	11,777	147
Education Stabilization Fund									
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	I	84.425D	200-20-0497	03/13/20-09/30/21	220,451	58,013	(2,103)	60,116	-
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	I	84.425D	200-21-0497	03/13/20-09/30/23	979,196	865,336	124,759	702,362	(38,215)
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan -Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	- 1	84.425U	223-21-0497	03/13/20-09/30/24	1,981,814	108,099	-	854,738	746,639
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan -Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief -	I	84.425U	225-21-0497	03/13/20-09/30/24	154,033	14,003	-	16,100	2,097
Homeless Children and Youth	1	84.425W	181-21-2496	07/01/21-09/30/24	10,774	553	-	6,523	5,970
Subtotal - ALN 84.425 Education Stabilization Fund						1,046,004	122,656	1,639,839	716,491
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)									
Passed through Lancaster-Lebanon Intermediate Unit:				0= 10 + 10 + 00 100 100					
Special Education Grants to States	ı	84.027	N/A	07/01/21-09/30/22	10,000	-	-	9,217	9,217
Passed through Berks County Intermediate Unit:		04.65=	A1 / 2	07/04/20 22/22/2	20: =25		60.00		
Special Education Grants to States	!	84.027	N/A	07/01/20-09/30/21	284,508	89,974	89,974	-	76 200
Special Education Grants to States	!	84.027 84.027X	N/A	07/01/21-09/30/22	275,711	199,412 32,005	-	275,711	76,299
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Special Education Grants to States Subtotal - ALN 84.027	'	84.UZ/X	N/A	07/01/21-09/30/22	64,354	321,391	89,974	43,148 328,076	11,143 96,659
Susticital Palit 04.027						321,331	65,574	320,070	30,033
Special Education Preschool Grants	I	84.173	N/A	07/01/20-06/30/21	4,830	4,830	4,830	-	-
Special Education Preschool Grants	- 1	84.173	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	3,222			3,222	3,222
Subtotal - ALN 84.173						4,830	4,830	3,222	3,222
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)						326,221	94,804	331,298	99,881
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						1,734,026	326,883	2,335,906	928,763

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Grantor/Program Title		Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Federal Pass-through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Program or Award Amount	Receipts For the Year	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at July 1, 2021	Revenue Recognized/ Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue June 30, 2022
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES									
Medicaid Cluster									
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services:		00.770		07/04/04 06/00/00		42.072	7.760	7.240	2 222
Medical Assistance Program	- 1	93.778	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	12,073	7,763	7,310	3,000
TOTAL MEDICAID CLUSTER AND						42.072	7.762	7 240	2 000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						12,073	7,763	7,310	3,000
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster									
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture:									
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	55,516	(8,752)	60,078	(4,190)
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education:									
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/20-06/30/21	N/A	6,648	6,648	-	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	- 1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	593,669	-	675,429	81,760
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - Supply Chain Assistance Funding	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	39,227	-	39,227	-
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program - SNP Emergency Operating Costs	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	27,462	-	27,462	-
Subtotal - ALN 10.555						722,522	(2,104)	802,196	77,570
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	07/01/20-06/30/21	N/A	2,511	2,511	_	_
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	i	10.553	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	99,400	-	117,963	18,563
Subtotal - ALN 10.553	•	20.555	.,,	0.701/11 00/00/11	,	101,911	2,511	117,963	18,563
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER						824,433	407	920,159	96,133
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer Administrative Costs	1	10.649	N/A	07/01/21-06/30/22	N/A	614		614	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE						825,047	407	920,773	96,133
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS						\$ 2,571,146	\$ 335,053	\$ 3,263,989	\$ 1,027,896

Source Codes: I = Indirect funding

Note: No funds were passed through to subrecipients in the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards activity of the Wyomissing Area School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Wyomissing Area School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Wyomissing Area School District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to the reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustment or credits made in the normal course of business for amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

NOTE 3 - DE MINIMIS RATE FOR INDIRECT COSTS

The District did not elect to use the De Minimis rate for indirect costs.

NOTE 4 - ACCESS PROGRAM

The District participates in the ACCESS Program which is a medical assistance program that reimburses local educational agencies for direct eligible health-related services provided to enrolled special needs students. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are classified as fee-for-service and are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of ACCESS funding classified as fee-for-service and recognized for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$154,147.

NOTE 5 - FOOD COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2022, the District has \$4,190 of food commodity inventory.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of School Directors Wyomissing Area School District Wyomissing, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wyomissing Area School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Wyomissing Area School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 1, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Wyomissing Area School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wyomissing Area School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Wyomissing Area School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wyomissing Area School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reading, Pennsylvania

Herlien + Company Inc.

March 1, 2023





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of School Directors Wyomissing Area School District Wyomissing, Pennsylvania

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wyomissing Area School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Wyomissing Area School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Wyomissing Area School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Wyomissing Area School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, Cost Principles, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Wyomissing Area School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Wyomissing Area School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Wyomissing Area School District's federal programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Wyomissing Area School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Wyomissing Area School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Wyomissing Area School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Wyomissing Area School District's internal control over compliance relevant
 to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wyomissing Area School District's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reading, Pennsylvania

Hervier + Company Inc.

March 1, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Ein	ancia	I Sta	ton	nents
rin:	ancız	11 517	11 611	ienis

Type of Auditor's Report Issue	Unmodified			
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	Xno	
		yes	X none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	Xno	
Federal Awards				
Internal Control Over Major P		Was	V no	
Material weakness(es) iden	yes	X no		
Significant deficiency(ies) id material weaknesses?	yes	X none reported		
Type of Auditor's Report Issue for Major Programs:	d on Compliance	<u>Unmodified</u>		
TOT Major Programs.		<u>omnoumeu</u>		
Any audit findings disclosed th in accordance with 2 CFR, So	yes	Xno		
Identification of Major Progra	<u>m(s):</u>			
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Clus	<u>ter</u>		
84.425	COVID-19 - Education Stabilization	n Fund		
Child Nutrition Cluster 10.555 10.553	Program ram			
Dollar Threshold used to distir Programs:	nguish between Type A and Type B	<u>\$750,000</u>		
Auditee qualified as low-risk a	uditee?	Xyes	no	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There were no financial statement findings.

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no federal awards findings or questioned costs.



STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There were no financial statement findings reported for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no federal awards findings or questioned costs reported for the year ended June 30, 2021.